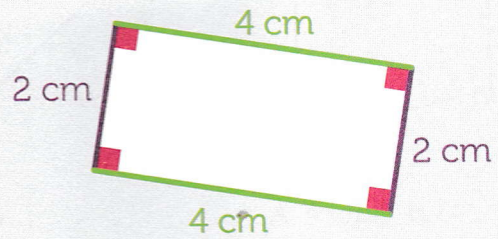
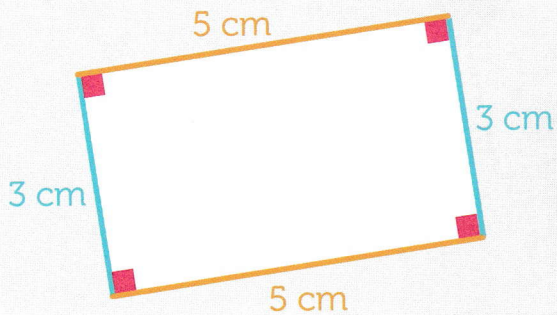


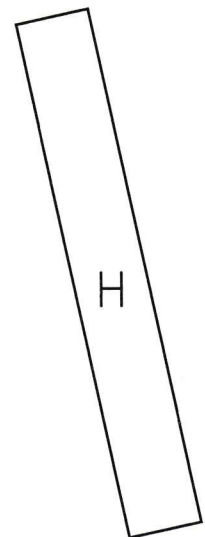
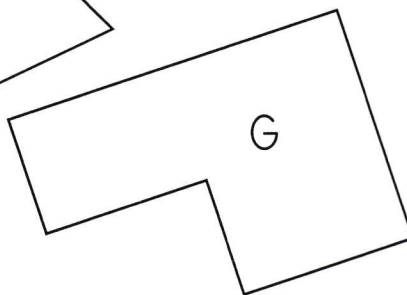
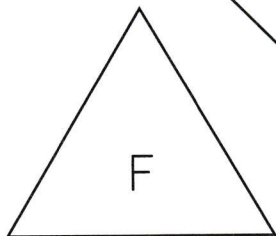
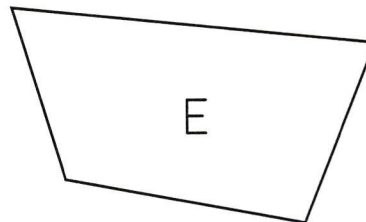
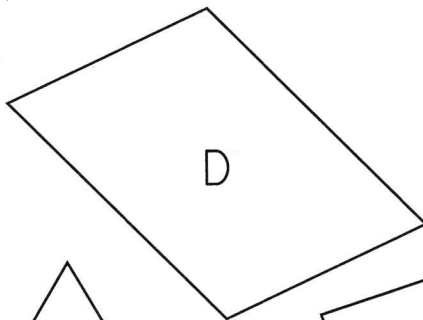
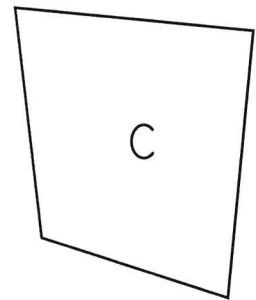
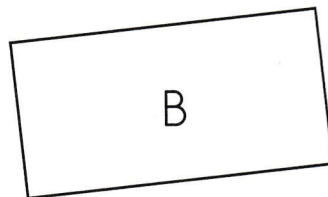
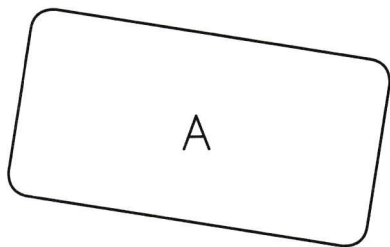
39 Reconnaître un rectangle

✓ Je sais dire qu'un rectangle a 4 côtés et 4 angles droits.



Les côtés opposés d'un rectangle ont la même longueur.

1 Avec ton équerre ou un gabarit d'angle droit, trouve tous les rectangles parmi ces figures.



Les rectangles sont les figures

Complète.

$$15 + 15 + 15 = 3 \times 15$$

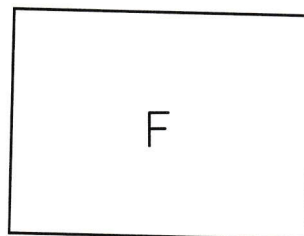
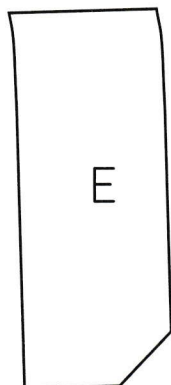
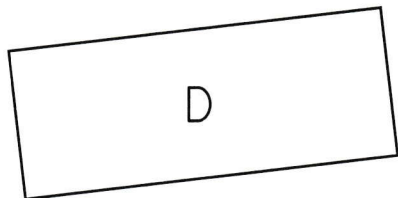
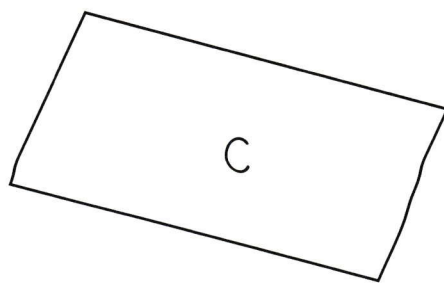
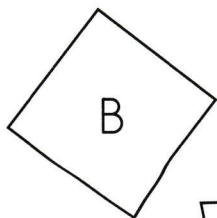
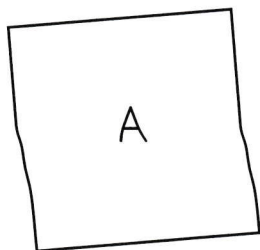
$$30 + 30 + 30 + 30 + 30 + 30 = \dots \times \dots$$

$$10 + 10 + 10 + 10 = \dots \times \dots$$

$$16 + 16 + 16 + 16 + 16 + 16 + 16 + 16 = \dots \times \dots$$

De quelle figure s'agit-il?

2



C'est un rectangle.
Deux de ses côtés
mesurent 2 cm.
Les deux autres
côtés mesurent 5 cm.

C'est un carré.
Ses côtés
mesurent 3 cm.

C'est un rectangle.
Un de ses côtés
mesure 3 cm.

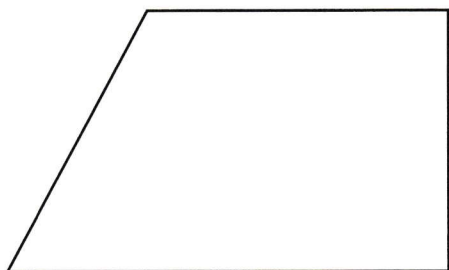
C'est la figure

C'est la figure

C'est la figure

3

Explique pourquoi cette figure n'est pas un rectangle.



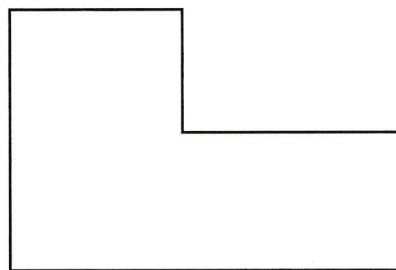
.....

.....

.....

4

Explique pourquoi cette figure n'est pas un rectangle.



.....

.....

.....

Calcule.

$$\begin{array}{r} 58 \\ - 25 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 46 \\ - 18 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 90 \\ - 25 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 77 \\ - 37 \\ \hline \end{array}$$